1) Find the equation of the tangent line and normal line to the given curve

$$
y=x \cdot \ln x \text { at the point } x_{0}=1 .
$$

2) Calculate $\int x \cdot e^{\frac{-x^{2}}{2}} \cdot d x$
3) Random variable $\xi$ has the following probability density function: $P(x)= \begin{cases}2 a, & 0 \leq x<1, \\ a, & 1 \leq x \leq 2, . \\ 0, & x \notin[0,2] .\end{cases}$

Calculate:
a) coefficient $a$, and distribution function $F_{\xi}(x)$; (1 point)
b) mathematical expectation $M \xi$, (1 point)
c) variance $D \xi$;
(1 point)
d) probability that random variable $\xi$ will become greater than $5 / 6$. (1 point)
4) Find the solution of the given matrix equation:

$$
\left(\begin{array}{cc}
1 & -1 \\
3 & 4
\end{array}\right) \cdot X=\left(\begin{array}{ll}
3 & 5 \\
2 & 4
\end{array}\right)
$$

5) Two players $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ roll the pair of ordinary dice in turn. Player $\mathbf{A}$ rolls first. To win, a player must sow a sum of dots on the two dice equal to four. Game is going on until somebody wins. Compute the probability for the second player $\mathbf{B}$ to win.
6) For the given function $u=3 x^{2 / 3} y^{1 / 3}$ compute the gradient at point $M=(1 ; 1)$ and the directional derivative of the function at $M(1 ; 1)$ in the direction of the calculated gradient.
7) Compute the equations of asymptotes for the graph of the function:

$$
y=\frac{x^{2}}{\sqrt{x^{2}+2}}
$$

8) For each of the following points $x=-2 ; y=-1$ and $x=1 ; y=2$ determine whether it is local max point, local min point or neither for the given function:

$$
z=x^{3}+3 x y^{2}-15 x-12 y .
$$

9) Mega Memory Devices, a firm that assembles memory boards for personal computers, buys $60 \%$ of its memory chips from supplier A and the remainder from supplier B. Supplier A produces memory chips that are $5 \%$ defective, and B produces $10 \%$ defective. A memory chip is selected at random from the inventory. A test of the chip shows that it is defective. What is the probability that the chip was supplied by B?
10) Find the general solution of the following differential equations:
a) $y^{\prime \prime}-y^{\prime}-2 y=0$
(1 point)
b) $y^{\prime \prime}-y^{\prime}-2 y=e^{x}$
(2 point)
c) $y^{\prime \prime}-y^{\prime}-2 y=4 e^{-x}$
(2 poins)
11) Solve the given initial value problem:

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
y^{\prime}=\frac{y}{x}+\cos \frac{y}{x} \\
y(1)=0
\end{array}\right.
$$

